**Bunchuk Oksana Vladimirovna. Structure, mechanism of formation of the Society of school education and its funding**

After the victory of the February revolution from February to June 1917. Ukraine has not had a national government body that would run the Affairs of education. Among the educational societies that played a significant role in the organization of the Ukrainian school in this period was the Ukrainian Society of school education.

Let's consider on what principles the work of the Society of school education.

The Society of school education was carried out in accordance with the Charter, which was developed by the organizers of the Society. "The Charter of the Ukrainian Society of school education" adopted at its constituent meeting on 10 April, 1917, approved by the Kyiv District Court on 20 October 1917. No. 274.

Right of entry in the TCO had teachers and supporters of the school of education, the members of the Society were divided into valid, honorable, loyal. Elected members received the rights of full members of the Society after paying the membership fee. The permanent members had to pay annually to the cashier of the Association a membership fee of three rubles. The permanent members who contributed not less than one hundred rubles at a time, mechanically became lifetime members. Honorary members elected by the General meeting already for special services to the Society or for productive work in otanki the field.

The Affairs of the Society led to the General meeting, and then elected for two years at the meeting Glad that I was in Kiev. The TCO Board consisting of eight members and three candidates. The meeting also elected for one year auditing Committee of three members and two candidates.

The General meeting can be ordinary and extraordinary. They were supposed to convene the Council once in six months. Them each time elected Chairman and a Secretary from the members present of the Society. On the day, hour and place of General meetings Parliament was in advance to notify all members of Society, familiarizing them with sprawami that were to be considered at the meeting. Extraordinary charges Rada convened if necessary on its own initiative, or when so required (explaining the purpose of such Charges) not less than ten members of the Society or the audit Commission. In this case, the Meeting had to be convened no later than two weeks after such request is filed in written form.

Total fees were considered valid if attended by at least two members of the Board and the President, or his comrade and a third of the members living in Kiev. In order to solve the issues regarding changes to the Charter or the abolition Society, on the election of the head of school, selling assets, spending of basic capital and on loans, it was necessary the presence of at least 2/3 of the votes of all those present at the Meeting. All other questions on the activities of the Society were decided by a majority vote of the members present at the meeting of members. The first General meeting was held with the participation of the founders of the Society.

All TCO was led by his advice. The Society Council consists of the Chairman, his Deputy and six other members, who were elected by the General meeting for two years.

The decision of the Council was lawful under condition of presence at the meeting, at least half of its members and of the Chairman or his Deputy.

On the implementation of § 11 of the Charter (the company created in the cities of Ukraine and its local branches, which were given autonomy and who had to submit to the Council a report on its activities) is indicated by a message from archival documents TCO: "the Resolution of the first meeting "Ukrainian Society of school education, founded the first constituent Assembly of December 1 St. 1919 as the Kirillov district branch of the Kiev "Ukrainian Society of school education". After hearing Charter "of the Ukrainian Society school of education, collected the above mentioned members... agreed to establish a sec. Kirillovka district branch of the Kiev "Ukrainian Society school of education".

In accordance with the requirements of the time, in 1919, amendments to §13 of the Charter (cash expenses of the company were in charge of the General meeting of its members and is Pleased, which is located in Kiev). In September 1919. created when TCO's financial Commission. In the Central state archives of Supreme bodies of power and administration of Ukraine has preserved the minutes of the meetings of the financial Commission, which showed that she was having financial issues of Society: the increase of TCO, distributed these funds between schools, developed temporary rules of financing of the Ukrainian educational establishments, the pay of teachers and employees of the Ukrainian secondary schools. Its activities, the Commission reported to the Council of the Society.

Proof that "the funds of the Society consisted of aid from various public and government agencies" (§ 12 of the Charter) in the State archive materials. Kiev among the correspondence of TCO found letters of various organizations to the Board of TCO: from socio-political and literary newspaper "Slovo", from the Central Bureau of Ukrainian Teachers ' Union, from the Council of the highland Society "Prosvita" 11 Oct 1919, co-operative Society "Stolarska Shop", etc. These organizations appealed to the Board of TCO with a request to accept contributions to the Fund for the provision of material assistance to Ukrainian schools and for teachers ' needs: treatment, sanatoriums, orphanages for children and disabled, orphans of teachers, canteen, housing, fuel and food.